

William Belk recalled last journey

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He told how bizarre turn of events cost
Abel Belk his life

More than 80 years after the event, William Henry Belk could still recall his father hitching the horses to wagons loaded with household goods.

Belk was only 2 years and 8 months old. He was left behind with his brothers, one 4 years old and a baby of 7 months — and his mother, Sarah Walkup Belk.

In 1950 LeGette Blythe set down William Henry's memory of that day in this fashion: "My father had heard that old Sherman was heading our way on his march towards Charlotte. He had what in those days they called weak lungs, and hadn't been strong enough to join the Confederate Army.

"He figured that if the Yankees came along by our place and caught him at home, they'd probably hang him and take all the horses and anything else they wanted, and burn down the house."

For Abel Nelson Washington Belk, the decision to leave his home on the south side of Twelve Mile Creek in Lancaster County proved to be fatal. The Yankees didn't come that far north but turned to the east when they left the town of Lancaster.

Abel Belk had headed for his father's place on Gills Creek some 6 or 7 miles east of Lancaster, where his father owned a small gold mine.

William Henry Belk said that the Yankees "caught a fellow down that way who figured he'd save his own hide and get in their good graces by turning up my grandfather, old man Tom Belk. This scoundrel told them that my grandfather had barrels of gold hid out at his mine and he said that if they caught him they could make him tell where the gold was."

It was later revealed that the troops found Able Belk instead of his father and when they tried to force Abel to tell where the nonexistent

barrels of gold were hidden, Belk could only say that he did not know.

He was taken to the creek and his head pushed under the water time and again in an attempt to make him talk. Abel Belk, already sick with fever, collapsed and drowned.

On March 8, 1865, Herron Belk, brother of the drowned man, wrote Sarah Belk, the widow, that "there was a certain person buried about one and half miles below here, in Graham's field, who I suppose is Abel." One of the men who had accompanied Abel was able to identify Abel's dead mule near the creek.

Herron Belk asked Sarah Belk to bring horses (the Union forces had taken every horse in the community) and a wagon to his house so that they could move the body to Shiloh Church.

After seeing her husband buried, Sarah Belk returned home to raise three little boys.

A college graduate, she would be able to give her sons the rudiments of an education. It would be far more difficult to operate a farm at a profit in the hard postwar years.

With Alexander, Ely, Ben, Amanda and Moriah now free, she labored and finally paid off the mortgage on the farm in 1872.

In 1873 Sarah Belk married John Simpson, a man she had hired as an overseer. The family moved to Monroe, N.C.

It was in Monroe that William Henry Belk, at the age of 14, went to work for Benjamin Dawson Heath in a dry goods store. He proved to be indispensable to Heath, who frequently left Belk in charge while he pursued other business interests (one of his businesses was the Bank of Charlotte which evolved into the present NCNB banking chain).

When he was 26, William Henry Belk opened the first store of what would become Belk Brothers, a chain of department stores now known simply as Belk.



Nearby
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Louise
Pettus

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Louise Pettus is a retired history professor from Winthrop College. Her column appears Sundays.